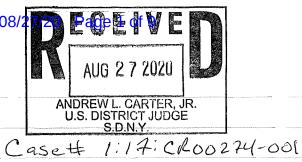
Case 1:17-cr-00274-ALC Document 42 Filed 08/

August 18, 2020



Lionel Moore

91169-054

USP Lewisburg Camp

U.S. V. Lionel M Moore

PO BOX 2000

Lewisburg, PA 17837

Re: Compassionate Release Reguest - 18 USC 3582(CXIVA)

Dear Honorable Andrew L. Carter Jr.,

I am writing you sir to request Compassionate Kelegse via 18USC 3582(CXIXA)(i) due to active cases of COUIDIA at Lewisburg USP; which adjoins the satellite camp I am housed in, and shares staff with the USP Lewisburg Camp ("Camp"). I have underlying health issues, externating family circomstances, proven rehabilitation, an a minimum recidivism risk, not a danger to the community or others, and have a viable release plan. I have exhausted my BOP administrative remedies also. Background

I am a 40 year old 1st time incarcerated individual, who after 10 months of successful USPO/Pre Trial Release CUSPOIPTS"), was assigned to a Federal Prison Camp. I was sent to USP Lewisburg Camp ("Camp") due to it being near my home, a higher level

medical due to my health issues, and it having RDAP. I am now 40% done for November 24, 2020 - just three months away. However, on July 30, 2020 the Lewisburg Camp was addressed that the first laboratory confirmed case was at the adjoining USP. Since then, and now only 3/2 weeks later, the attached USP has over 55 cases. It spread exponentially among inmates and staff. See www. bop.gov/corongvirus. Stall at the USP work also at the Camp attacked to it, innates from the Camp also continue to co-mingle with UST staff through their prison jobs at the C.O. Training Center and Waste Water Bar Screen site. Inmates at work at the training center also work among C.O. family members.

Transmission of infection through co-mirging of staff with Campers, staff family members with Campers-via the Training Center Orderlies-is a potential conduit for infection of all Campers. The same with USP staff working at both the Camp and USP, which share the same compound and staff alike. Vendors, delivery personnel and contractors comingle at the USP and Camp; thus creating an additional transmission are not to many vulnerable Campers-like me. With 3 months to finish, it could be a death sentence should I be infected-

Case 1:17-cr-00274-ALC Document 42 Filed 08/27/20 Page 3 of 9

Health Issues

At the age of Z4 (2004) I was shot 4 times and required multiple neck, throat, and abdominal life squing surgeries. A post sorgical esophageal infection regulied esophageal reconstruction on my behalf The COVIDIQ virus is next door at the USP, most likely here among asymptomatic inmate /staff carriers too. I have a compromised airway from my gun shot wound to my throat, post surgical esophageal infection and reconstruction. Collisia attacks the airway and places me at higher risk of death or disability of infected. The rext 3 months until my release, could be lethal for me, if infected. Fifty five confirmed carriers are next door, and an unknown amount of silent carriers here too. The Camp inmakes comingle with USP C.O. and C.O. family members. The USP and Camp share staff and vendors with one another Conduits of infectious transmission are clear and present dangers, because of these conditions.

My Z Externating Family Circumstances

family; especially my rewborn who is now agreed to prison and hasn't been able to see me or bond with me. Now, because the virus is among Lewisburg Prison Complex, we are on lock down. Thus, no visits for the Camp or

Case 1:17-cr-00274-ALC Document 42 Filed 08/27/20 Page 4 of 9

USP allowed. My new borby would benefit from my release now, not risk growing up fatherless should I become infected, or waiting 3 months until my BOP scheduled release. I'm playing a potentially lethal waiting game over the next 3 months - avoiding infection until my 11/24/20 release date arrives. The stakes are high.

Pror to my arrival to Lewisburg Camp, and while I was a USPO/PTS Pre Trial Releasee, my then 15 year old daughter tragically past away. She was abroad on a mission trip for school and drowned in the hotel pool. This profound loss echoes through me daily. If I were to become infected and die, my toddier would be fatherless and my family struck twice with enormous grief.

Rehabilitation

I completed the BOP's 500 hr

91/2 month Residential Drug and Alcohol

Program (RDAP) and graduated. It is an
extensive and voluntary chemical dependency
and cognitive behavioral therapy program. Because
I graduated and I have no violence or
firearms in my past or instant case, have
been awarded both one year off my
sentence, and 6 months home detention.
This is why my home detention date is now
11/24/2020. I am simply now in a HOLDING
PATIERN being I graduated and completed
RDAP, but have 3 months of simple waiting,
until 11/24/2020 pplls around. I could be

Case 1:17-cr-00274-ALC Document 42 Filed 08/27/20 Page 5 of 9 infected within my 3 month waiting period and all the benefits of RDAP wasted Also, while on USPO/PTS, I was a model releasee and proven I can conform and comply to probation/supervised release conditions. I did so for 10 months prior to assignment to a MINIMUM security satellike prison camp - Lewisburg USP / Camp. I met and complied with 18 USE 314Z(g) community safety standards then, can now, and will have to in 3 months, regardless of compassionate release being granted or not. I am not a danger to the community or others safety. I was daemed eligible under 18 USC 3621(e) for a year off, due to RDAP completion AWD lack of serious violence or fivearms in my past or present. I met USPO/PTS standards under 18 USC 3142cg) as a release for 10 months without any problems I have completed and graduated from an intensive rehabilitation program also. I an simply waiting around 90 days with 90% of my effective sentence completed; but praying the vivus next door at the USP isn't already here among asymptomatic carriers, or crosses over from the USP to my Camp via one of the staft, invate or contractors that comingle on a daily basis. While imprisoned I made the wisest use of my time. I graduated and volun teeved for RNAP. I also learned welding and worked at the Camp's welding shop before the COUID 19 lock down. The Camp itself is

Case 1:17-cr-00274-ALC Document 42 Filed 08/27/20 Page 6 of 9

A minimum security facility intended for
the least dangerous, lowest risk and most
trusted in mates among the BOP population.
No fences, physical barriers, walls or armed
quards prevent in mates from escaping. All
Campers here are kept here by their own
volition and self will. I am housed at a
trustee camp for the most minimum of
security needs. I am deemed out custody
too. I earned my GED also. I made the most out of my
time.
Release Plan

In 90 days I will be releasing to the same address I resided while a model (Pre Trial Release) releasee. If granted immediate release I will report there and reside there also. I learned welding at Lewisburg Camp and completed PDAP too. The welding shop is closed due to COVID 19 at the attacked USP, and I graduated RDAP - I am simply waiting out 90 days - hoping not to be infected and see my 3 year old who was born AFTER I came to Lewisburg Campiand has been without a dad.

Legal Argument

Please see enclosed June 23, 2020 BOP administrative remedy (BP-9), and corresponding July O4, 2020 denial of my Compassionate Release (18USC 3582(C)(1)(A)(i)) by my warden. I have met \$3582 exhaustion requirement. I be veye you now have jovisdiction

Case 1:17-cr-00274-ALC Document 42 Filed 08/27/20 Page 7 of 9

and authority to grant me compassionate release. The First Step Act passed December 2018 took authority away from the BOP director being the only person allowed to motion a court for compassionate release. After exhaustion He immate can now petition his sentencing court for release under 18 USC 3582(c)(1)(A)(i). Also, the old U. S. S. C (Sentencing Commission) policy statement, was made obsolete under the First Step Act's changes to Compassionate Release motions. I have the ability to bring a motion on my own behalf once I neet exhaustion; which I have. You have authority to grant the motion and no longer hamstrong by a now outdated USSE policy statement. Conclusion

Effective sentence at a minimum security camp, the now confirmed and increasing cases of confirmed Covinia here at Lewisburg, may demonstrated rehabilitation and safety to the community, may extensating family circumstances, underlying health conditions, presence of an extraordinary pandevic, and with just 90 days of idle waiting he fore my 11/24/2020 release to home detention. That you are compelled to grant me immediate release.

(prose) Lionel Moore # 9/169-054

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF CLASSICIE: 17-Cr-00274-ALC DOCUMENTO LESTING REMEDY Federal Bureau of Prisons

Type or use ball-point pen. If attachments are needed, submit four copies. Additional instructions on reverse.			
om: MOURT LOUIS AM"	" 91169-084 PAAR 181 Consenses		(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
LAST NAME, FIRST, MIDDLE INITIAL	REG. NO.	UNIT	INSTITUTION
art A- INMATE REQUEST			
IAM INELIGIBLE NO	Por The	Constante	1,100
I non Applying for Under The Covid - 19.	Compans	wante 1	le leave
Under Tile Cov. J - 191.	T HAVE	been	211st
Multiple Tomes in m	d Citer	Has Rec	motal live
Darbery on My Eso	Phogue, 1	Had Colle	lyse d
Lungs and 2 Blees	Transf	usicell's	
<u> </u>	CHANGE OF PROVINCE		
rt B- RESPONSE		SIGNATURE OF REQ	UESTER
			ψ [*]
		REC	EIVED
		JUN :	2 2 2020
	•		MEDY CLERK WISBURG
9 3.			
DATE		WARDEN OR REGIONAL	DIRECTOR
satisfied with this response, you may appeal to the Regional Director. Your app	peal must be received in the Regio		
ECOND COPY: RETURN TO INMATE		CASE NUMBER:	Udle Hele I
4 C. DECEMBE		CASE NUMBER:	
rt C- RECEIPT			
LAST NAME, FIRST, MIDDLE INITIAL	a REG. NO.	UNIT	INSTITUTION

DATE

Admin. Remedy No.: 1026746-\$2

Part B- Response

ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDY RESPONSE

This is in response to your request for Administrative Remedy received on June 22, 2020, wherein you request a Compassionate Release due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Title 18 of the United States Code, section 3582(c)(1)(A), allows a sentencing court, on motion of the Director of the BOP, to reduce a term of imprisonment for extraordinary or compelling reasons. BOP Program Statement No. 5050.50, Compassionate Release/Reduction in Sentence: Procedures for Implementation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 3582(c)(1)(A) and 4205(g), provides guidance on the types of circumstances that present extraordinary or compelling reasons, such as the inmate's terminal medical condition; debilitated medical condition; status as a "new law" elderly inmate, an elderly inmate with medical conditions, or an "other elderly inmate"; the death or incapacitation of the family member caregiver of the inmate's child; or the incapacitation of the inmate's spouse or registered partner.

A review of this matter revealed you do not meet the criteria for a Compassionate Release.

The BOP is taking extraordinary measures to contain the spread of COVID-19 and treat any affected inmates. We recognize that you, like all of us, have legitimate concerns and fears about the spread and effects of the virus. However, your concern about being potentially exposed to, or possibly contracting, COVID-19 does not currently warrant an early release from your sentence. Accordingly, your RIS request is denied.

If you are dissatisfied with this response, you may appeal to the Regional Director, United States Federal Bureau of Prisons, Northeast Regional Office, United States Customs House - Seventh Floor, Second and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, PA 19106, within twenty (20) calendar days from the date of this response.

Dato

RAD**MUS** Spaulding, Warden